TileQt and TileGtk: current status

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- Ttk and support for Windows, OS X and Linux
- Qt and GTK+
 - Mapping between Ttk and other widget toolkits
- Interfacing steps
 - The steps required to interface Ttk to another toolkit
- TileQt and TileGTK
 - Current status
- Conclusions



- Ttk is the best effort so far in providing Tk widgets with native look under all major operating systems
- Both Microsoft Windows and Apple OS X offer a native widget set
 - Along with a suitable API, that applications can use in order to natively draw widgets
- Wisely, Ttk fully exploits these APIs
 - Making native look for Tk applications a reality
- But what about Linux?



- No native widget set under Linux
 - Thus, no API that can be called
- The Linux desktop is dominated by two environments:
 - KDE, based on the Qt toolkit library
 - GNOME, based on the GTK+ toolkit library
- Both support styled widgets
 - But using the style engine for drawing widgets from outside each toolkit is difficult



- Both widget toolkits offer a public API
- The public API usually targets:
 - Style development
 - ✓ So as new widget styles or themes can be developed
 - New widget development
 - ✓ So as new or composite widgets can be developed
- TileQt/TileGTK try to use these public APIs in order to draw Ttk widget elements (parts)



Mapping between Ttk and other widget toolkits

- TileQt and TileGTK are quite different from each other, implementation wise
- However, the problems of interfacing Ttk to another toolkit library (that being Qt, GTK or any other library) are exactly the same
 - And seem to be independent of the target toolkit library



Interfacing steps (1)

- 1. Understand the internals of the library that must be interfaced
 - A time consuming, but feasible task, if the library sources are available
 - ✓ The sources of both Qt and GTK are publically available, along with sufficient documentation
- 2. Understand how to initialise the library from the hosting application
 - But without initialising the never ending event loop of he library



Interfacing steps (2)

- 3. Understand how the toolkit library:
 - Locates themes
 - Loads themes
 - Uses themes in order to draw widget elements
- 5. Find a way to map Tk drawables (windows, pixmaps, etc.) to the drawables of the toolkit library, and vice versa
 - This is an important step, as each library expects its own structures while using its API
 - Not always easy to achieve through the public API
 - ✓ Native structures are usually abstracted to enhance portability



Interfacing steps (3)

- 5. Find a way to map Ttk widget states to the ones supported by the target toolkit library
 - Not always a straight-forward mapping
 - ✓ Mapping differences usually result in visual differences
- 7. Separate widgets whose elements can be drawn directly from widgets that are drawn as a whole
 - Widgets of the latter category must:
 - ✓ Drawn in an offline pixmap
 - ✓ Segmented in elements, using available pixel metrics
 - ✓ Elements of interest copied back to Ttk window
 - Segmentation is a vulnerable process
 - ✓ Rarely exact element dimensions can be retrieved



Interfacing steps (4)

- 7. Ensure thread-safety
 - Easy task if the target toolkit library is already thread safe (i.e. Qt)
 - More tricky if it is not (i.e. GTK, where widgets must be created/drawn only by the thread the library was initialised)
- 9. Cope with the large number of available themes for each toolkit library
 - Problems range from different layouts to wrong pixel metrics



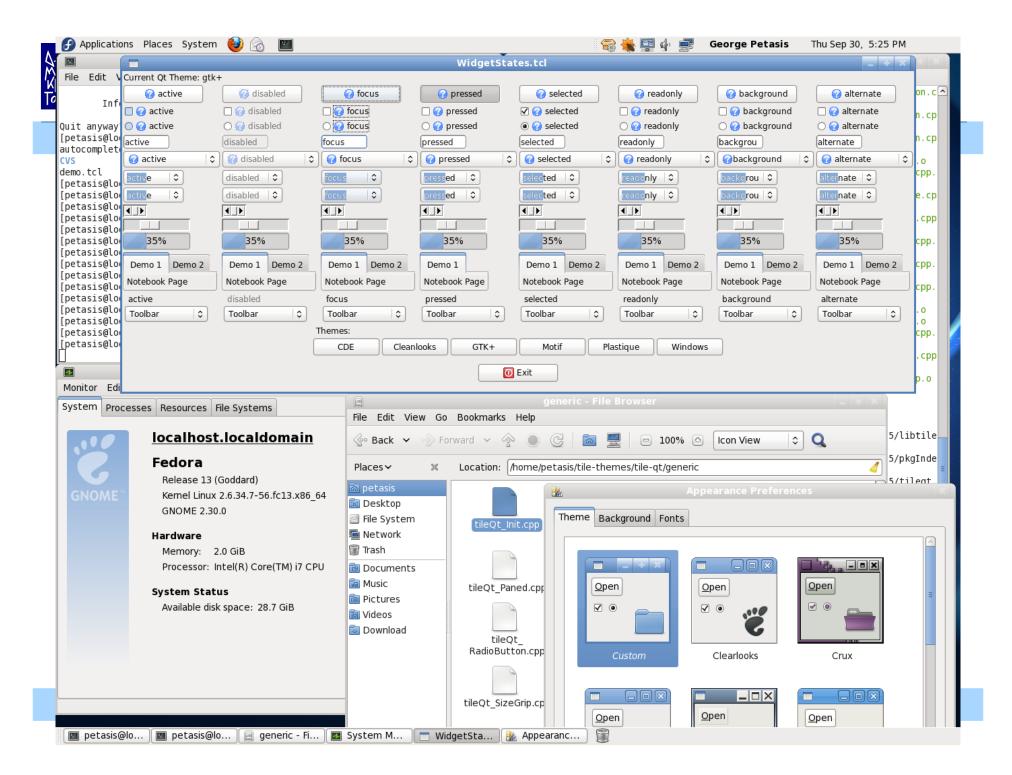
TileQt: a Ttk interface to the Qt widget toolkit

- One of the first C/C++ extensions that attempted to provide a Ttk theme, based on the Ttk public API, without being part of Ttk
- Development started in 2003
 - Initially supporting Qt 3.x at that time
- Compiling TileQt was never easy
 - As the build system was not robust for quite some time
- Currently, TileQt:
 - Has substantial support for Qt 3.x/4.x
 - Uses a build system based on CMake



TileQt: supported widgets

Widget	Qt 3.x	Qt 4.x	Widget	Qt 3.x	Qt 4.x
Background	V	V	LabelFrame	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Button	$\overline{\checkmark}$	\checkmark	NoteBook	\checkmark	\checkmark
CheckButton	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	TreeView	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
RadioButton	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	Progress	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$
MenuButton	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Paned	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
ToolButton	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	SizeGrip	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Entry	V	V	ScrollBar	$\overline{\checkmark}$	×
ComboBox	V	V	Scale	\checkmark	×





TileGTK: a Ttk interface to the GTK+ toolkit

- A far more recent extension, as development started in 2008
- TileGTK was based on the expereince obtained from TileQt
 - In fact, development started by search/replace of Qt to GTK, followed by an gradual adaptation of widgets ©
- Compiling TileGTK has always been easy
 - As the CMake build system was also inherited



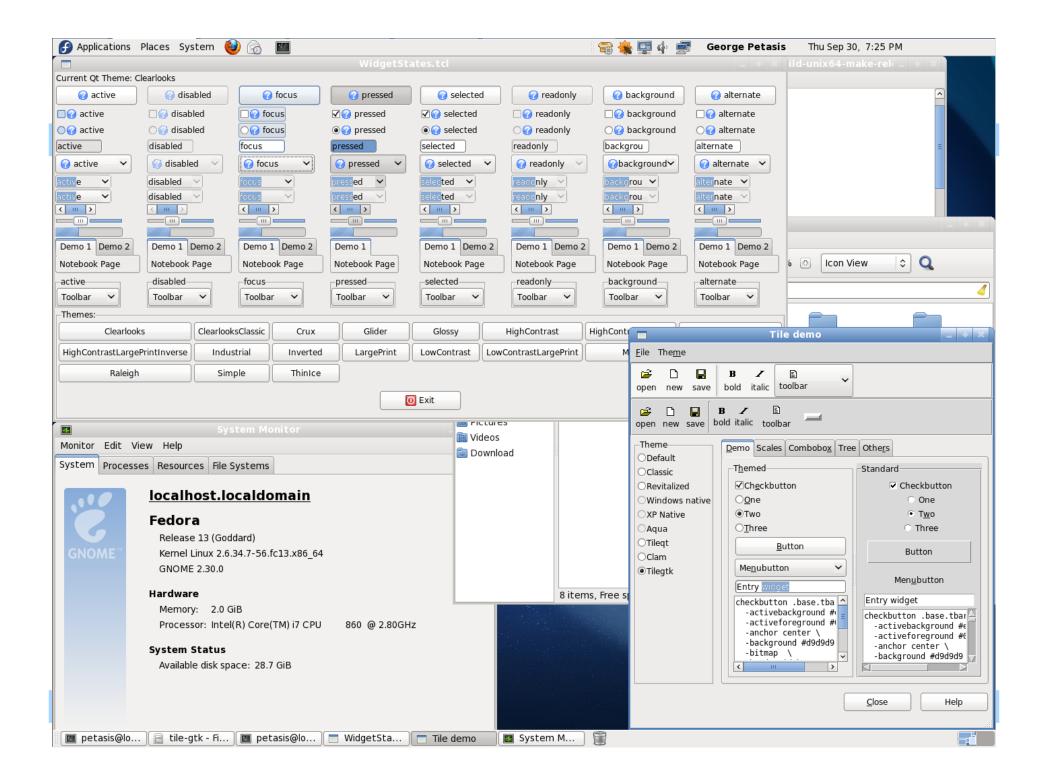
TileGTK and a GTK in C

- GTK+ is written in C, which makes presents an interesting opportunity:
 - To access the GTK+ API through stubs!
 - No need to link with GTK+
 - ✓ Which may result in distributing TileGTK binaries under the BSD license
- However, currently Glib facilities are used in order to load and initialise the GTK+ library
 - It would have been better if Tcl offered similar capabilities ©
- For the time being, TileGTK binaries are covered by GPL



TileGTK: supported widgets

Widget	GTK 2.x	Widget	GTK 2.x
Background	$\overline{\checkmark}$	LabelFrame	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Button	\checkmark	NoteBook	\checkmark
CheckButton	\checkmark	TreeView	×
RadioButton	\checkmark	Progress	
MenuButton	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Paned	$\overline{\checkmark}$
ToolButton	\checkmark	SizeGrip	\checkmark
Entry	\checkmark	ScrollBar	
ComboBox	\checkmark	Scale	\checkmark





Conclusions (1)

- TileQt & TileGTK try to interface Qt & GTK+ to Ttk
- Both extensions are not actively maintained
 - Mainly because Linux usage by the main author constantly diminishes
- Both TileQt & TileGTK compile and run with recent Tcl versions
 - Tested with ActiveTcl 8.6 beta 3 on an updated Fedora 13 system
 - However loading TileQt/TileGTK in a second interpreter seems to crash wish
 - ✓ No idea why, it used to work



Conclusions (2)

- Some widgets are missing:
 - Separators
 - Scrollbars/Scales (for Qt 4.x)
 - Treeview (for GTK+ 2.x)
- Several visual differences between TileQt/TileGTK and Qt/GTK+
 - TileGTK has more differences
 - TileQt is missing an essential widget (scrollbars)
- Both extensions try to retrieve the colour scheme from the corresponding toolkit
 - Even for GTK+ who has no such capability



Thank you!